

<p><b>Prime Number</b></p>	<p><b>Prime Number</b></p> <p>A whole number greater than 1 that has exactly two factors, 1 and itself</p>
<p><b>Composite Number</b></p>	<p><b>Composite Number</b></p> <p>A whole number greater than 1 that has more than two factors</p>
<p><b>Fraction</b></p>	<p><b>Fraction</b></p> <p>A symbol, such as <math>\frac{1}{3}</math>, <math>\frac{2}{5}</math>, or <math>\frac{3}{1}</math> used to name a part of a whole, a part of a set, a location on a number line, or a division of whole numbers</p>

Fold here



## Equivalent Fractions

## Equivalent Fractions

Fractions that name the same part of a whole

## Numerator

Fold here

## Numerator

The number above the fraction bar in a fraction; the number of equal parts that the fraction describes

## Denominator

## Denominator

The number below the fraction bar in a fraction; the number of equal parts in all



## Benchmark Fractions

## Benchmark Fractions

Fractions that are commonly used for estimation, for example  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $\frac{1}{3}$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{2}{3}$ , and  $\frac{3}{4}$



Fold here